Audit Date	Local Government Type:	•	Local Government Name:			Count	-	
June 30, 2005 November 23, 2005 December 29, 2005 We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in according standards. Board (GASB) and the Uniform Reporting Format for Financial Statement of Units and Local Units of Government in Michigan by the Michigan Department of Treasury. We affirm that: We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan as revised. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the report of common director of the properties of the statements of the statements of the statements of the statements.	City Township Village	Other	City of Lincoln Park, Michig	<u>an</u>		Wayn	9	
We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in accord with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the Uniform Reporting Format for Financial Statement Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan by the Michigan Department of Treasury. We affirm that: 1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan as revised. 2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan. We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the report of command recommendations. You must check the applicable box for each item below: yes on 1. Certain component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are excluded from the financial statements. yes on 2. There are accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/retained earnings (P.A. 275 of 1 yes one). The local unit haviolated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act. yes one 5. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act. yes one 6. The local unit has been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit. yes one 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9. Section 24) to fund current year if the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year). yes one 8. The local unit has violated the constitutional requirement (Article 9. Section 24) to fund current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than 100% fund						•	itted To State:	
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Accountant Signature	Accountant Signature							

Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2005

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27400 Northwestern Highway P.O. Box 307 Southfield, MI 48037-0307 Tel: 248.352.2500 Fax: 248.352.0018

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lincoln Park, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The City has not maintained a complete record of its fixed assets due to the exclusion of certain City-owned land. The value of City-owned land, which has not been determined by the City, should be recorded in the capital assets of the governmental activities.

In our opinion, except for the effects on the financial statements of the omission of the City-owned land as explained in the third paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan as of June 30, 2005 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis, retirement system schedules of funding progress and employer contributions, and the budgetary comparison schedules as identified in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lincoln Park, Michigan

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information as identified in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining statements included in other supplementary information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 23, 2005 on our consideration of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide opinions on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

November 23, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Lincoln Park's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. Please review it conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Reviewing the Annual Report

The annual report covers multiple financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities supply data about the activities of the City as a whole and provide information regarding the City's finances. For government activities, these statements provide long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting is similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting. Fund financial statements show City operations in more detail than government-wide statements, as they provide information about the City's most important funds.

Financial Highlights

Due to this year's operations, the City's net assets are as follows: Net assets of business-type activities were \$22,570.0 thousand and net assets of governmental activities were \$46,190.9 thousand.

- The current year's expense total was \$29,846.7 thousand as compared to the \$27,472.1 thousand generated in fees and charges, grants, general revenues, and taxes for governmental programs. In the previous year, expenses were \$30,655.0 thousand as compared to the \$27,923.9 thousand generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- For business-type activities, city revenues were \$7,738.2 thousand. Expenses were \$6,937.3 thousand.
- The annual cost of all city programs was \$36,784.0 thousand. The previous year's cost was \$37,237.6 thousand.

In an effort to bring costs under control, the number of employee classifications at the Department of Public Services was cut from 18 to 4. This fits in with the mayor and City Council consolidating positions and offering early retirement incentives.

One of the main initiatives was to offer employees near retirement the time they had accumulated and allow them to retire early. No extra cash incentive was offered in this program. Those positions were either replaced on a different pay/benefit scale or were not replaced at all. Along with this step, new employees have been moved to a defined contribution plan and health savings accounts. Labor contracts were renegotiated and a 0 percent wage increase concession was given to the City by police and fire until 2007, and the remainder of the employees until 2009.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The City has switched active employees to a 10/20/30 co-pay plan for prescription drugs. Prescriptions are a large monthly expense and costs could be reduced under this plan. A goal for the future would be to move retirees toward these types of plans.

Regarding the water and sewer system, the City has adjusted billing rates to offset the cost increases it incurs yearly. In addition, there has been a more aggressive strategy to collect delinquent water and sewer bills.

The City as a Whole Analysis

Because the statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide facts about the City as a whole, the statements can help determine if a city's financial condition has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities. All assets and liabilities are included in the statements using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual method is comparable to the accounting used by most private corporations. All current year revenues and expenses are included. It does not matter when cash is paid or received.

These statements give an account of the City's net assets and any changes in those assets. However, to truly judge the condition of the City, some nonfinancial factors, such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of the City's infrastructure, must be considered in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities divide the City into two types of activities:

- **Governmental Activities** The City's basic services are accounted for in this section, including the police, fire, public works, recreational and cultural departments, community and economic development, and general administration. Property taxes, state revenue sharing, franchise fees, and state and federal grants finance the majority of these activities.
- Business-type Activities These activities are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization such as water utilities. We provide water to residents, which we purchase from the Detroit Water System. We provide sewage treatment through a county-operated sewage treatment plant.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Detailing the Most Important Funds

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most important funds of the City. Certain funds are mandated by State law and by bond agreements. Other funds are established to manage money, meet legal requirements, or for certain taxes or grant funding.

• Government Funds - Basic services are reported in government funds. Government fund financial statements detail how money flows in and out of the funds and reports the balances left at year end that are on hand for disbursement. Government funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method measures cash and financial assets that can easily be converted to cash. The governmental fund accountability focuses on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the next term.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the basic financial statements for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Fund (the Community Development Block Grant Fund). These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance within the City adopted and final revised budget.

 Proprietary Funds - Proprietary funds are those the City charges for services it provides, both to city units and outside customers. Proprietary funds are reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets. The City's enterprise funds, a component of proprietary funds, are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but they give more detailed information such as cash flow.

City Serving as Trustee

Due to trust arrangements, the City is often accountable for assets that can only be used for trust beneficiaries. All of these trustee proceedings are detailed in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets. Because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations, these activities are not included in other financial statements. However, the City must be certain the assets detailed in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary for a full understanding of the data provided in the accompanying financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the financial statements and notes, this report contains supplementary information and details of the accompanying financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

TABLE I - Net Assets (in thousands)

,		Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
		2005		2004		2005	2004		2005			2004	
Assets													
Current and other assets	\$	10,111.6	\$	12,240.1	\$	3,052.7	\$	2,905.9	\$	13,164.3	\$	15,146.0	
Capital and restricted assets		44,324.1	_	45,709.7	_	34,621.8		34,617.3		78,945.9	_	80,327.0	
Total assets		54,435.7		57,949.8		37,674.5		37,523.2		92,110.2		95,473.1	
Liablities													
Current liabilities		5,712.6		6,359.0		2,189.9		1,972.2		7,902.5		8,331.2	
Long-term liabilities		2,532.2	_	3,025.2	_	12,914.6		13,782.0		15,446.8	_	16,807.2	
Total liabilities	_	8,244.8	_	9,384.2	_	15,104.5	_	15,754.2	_	23,349.3		25,138.4	
Net Assets													
Invested in capital assets - Net of													
related debt		43,654.9		44,857.9		16,990.2		15,858.3		60,645.1		60,716.2	
Restricted		2,173.3		1,778.6		3,849.3		3,926.8		6,022.6		5,705.4	
Unrestricted (deficit)		362.7	_	1,929.1		1,730.5		1,983.9		2,093.2	_	3,913.0	
Total net assets	\$	46,190.9	\$	48,565.6	\$	22,570.0	\$	21,769.0	\$	68,760.9	\$	70,334.6	

City as a Whole

The City's combined net assets from the previous year were \$70,334.6 thousand as compared to \$68,760.9 thousand this year. However, net assets and expenses from governmental and business-type activities must be reviewed separately. Table I focuses on the net assets and Table 2 focuses on changes in the net assets of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

The City's net assets for governmental activities were \$46,190.9 thousand this year as compared to \$48,565.5 last year. Unrestricted net assets were \$1,929.1 thousand last year as compared to \$362.7 thousand this year. Unrestricted net assets are those that can be used to finance everyday operations without restrictions set by legislation, debt covenants, or other legal regulations.

The net assets of the City's business-type activities were \$22,570.0 thousand this year as compared to \$21,769.0 thousand last year.

City revenues for the current year were \$35,210.3 thousand as compared to \$35,716.5 thousand in the previous year. The total yearly cost of all programs and services was \$36,784.0 thousand as compared to \$37,237.6 thousand in the previous year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

TABLE 2 - Change in Net Assets (in thousands)

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Governmen			
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004		
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Restricted:								
Charges for services	\$ 2,881.0	\$ 3,536.7	\$ 5,974.3	\$ 5,980.8	\$ 8,855.3	\$ 9,517.5		
Restricted operating grants	4,085.6	4,160.4	-	-	4,085.6	4,160.4		
Restricted capital grants	-	37.5	-	-	_	37.5		
General revenue:								
Property taxes	14,555.9	14,054.5	1,709.7	1,760.9	16,265.6	15,815.4		
Interest and investment income	218.6	259.7	54.2	50.9	272.8	310.6		
Other general revenues	5,731.0	5,875.I			5,731.0	5,875.1		
Total revenues	27,472.1	27,923.9	7,738.2	7,792.6	35,210.3	35,716.5		
Expenses								
Program expenses:								
General government	4,035.0	4,726.4	-	-	4,035.0	4,726.4		
Public safety	14,202.3	14,079.1	-	-	14,202.3	14,079.1		
Public works	8,186.0	8,630.7	-	-	8,186.0	8,630.7		
Culture and recreation	2,063.9	2,015.6	-	-	2,063.9	2,015.6		
Community development	1,352.1	1,201.9	-	-	1,352.1	1,201.9		
Interest on long-term debt	7.4	1.3	-	-	7.4	1.3		
Business activities - Water and/or sewer			6,937.3	6,582.6	6,937.3	6,582.6		
Total expenses	29,846.7	30,655.0	6,937.3	6,582.6	36,784.0	37,237.6		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ (2,374.6)	<u>\$ (2,731.1)</u>	\$ 800.9	\$ 1,210.0	\$ (1,573.7)	<u>\$ (1,520.9)</u>		

Governmental Activities

This year's governmental activities revenues were \$27,472.1 thousand as compared to \$27,923.9 thousand last year. The year's governmental activities cost was \$29,846.7 thousand as compared to \$30,655.0 thousand in the previous year.

In the past year, the government of the City of Lincoln Park has been able to take on necessary projects in tough financial times. As of the end of fiscal year 2004/2005, Lincoln Park was in the process of soliciting bids for a comprehensive intersection and street improvement program. This initiative will provide benefits to the City's infrastructure.

The Department of Public Services is once again carrying out a sidewalk replacement program in the City. Safer sidewalks result in fewer injuries and may offer a decrease in costly lawsuits. The DPS will also have a large role in future improvements to City infrastructure. These improvements may include improvements to the sewer system and storm drains.

Employee learning is a key goal for the City of Lincoln Park. This will include department heads setting performance objectives for the coming year(s) in the budget, and a plan for more training of all employees in the future.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Lincoln Park has brought in a firm to handle janitorial responsibilities in many of the City buildings. Hopes are that this firm will be able to reduce janitorial costs and effectively carry out their duties.

In addition, Lincoln Park has acquired a lot of property that it is unable to utilize. There is also a large amount of property in which ownership must be explored. This property is being evaluated and sold if applicable to bring in revenue for an otherwise stagnant property. This will give the City more of a tax stream and will also get the City out of paying maintenance costs associated with the upkeep of these unused properties.

Business-type Activities

This year's business-type activities revenues (see Table 2) were \$7,738.2 thousand as compared to \$7,792.6 thousand last year. This year's expenses were \$6,937.3 thousand as compared to \$6,582.6 thousand in the previous year. These figures are somewhat due to the following reason:

The only business activity currently is the Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is still falling short of expenditures, even after the 14 percent rate increase that has been put into place. An evaluation of this fund will take place and rate adjustments will continue to be made based on the cost of running the system.

General Fund Budgetary Statements

The City Council revisits the budget several times during the year. The current year's budget focuses on the General Fund, major funds, and on availability of fund resources.

The General Fund has met the goal of continuing to provide services to residents while remaining financially solvent. Spending into the General Fund, fund balance in fiscal year 2004/2005 reached \$1.8 million. Steps must be taken to curb this trend in the near future. Lincoln Park is still financially solvent, but the rising costs of employee benefits, including health care and retiree pension plans, are quickly wearing away at the fund.

The mayor and Council adopted successful plans that have helped to eliminate the spending trends from the General Fund fund balance. These plans have been effective by consolidating positions, renegotiating contracts, and implementing spending controls.

The intention of City management is to eliminate the use of fund balance in the coming years, and the goal would be to begin to add to those funds within the next few years. Further measures need to be taken to ensure that the City remains financially solvent.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

City Funds

The analysis for the City's major funds begins on page 14, following the government-wide financial statements. The City's major funds include the General Fund, the Community Development Block Grant Fund, and the Water and Sewer Fund. This report reflects that, at year end, the City reported a total governmental fund balance of \$4,668.8 thousand as compared to \$6,535.6 thousand in the previous year.

The General Fund supports most of the City's governmental services through the use of property taxes, state revenue sharing, and fees and charges. The largest expenditure incurred within the General Fund was in the area of public safety, which totaled \$14,976,354.

Although not a major fund, another key fund in Lincoln Park is the Street Improvement Fund. Funds were generated through property taxes for the specific use of improvements to aging infrastructure.

Capital Assets

TABLE 3 - Capital Assets at Year End (Net of depreciation, in thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total			
	2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004	
Land	\$ -	\$	-	\$	16.5	\$	16.5	\$	16.5	\$	16.5	
Equipment	1,555.7		1,783.6		1,504.0		1,393.8		3,059.7		3,177.4	
Buildings and improvements	1,371.6		1,412.5		333.8		190.5		1,705.4		1,603.0	
Infrastructure	39,612.7		40,592.0		28,600.1		28,724.6		68,212.8		69,316.5	
Vehicles	 1,784.1		1,921.6		318.1		364.9		2,102.2	_	2,286.5	
Total	\$ 44,324.1	\$	45,709.7	\$	30,772.5	\$	30,690.3	\$	75,096.6	\$	76,399.9	

At the close of the year, the City had invested \$75,096.6 thousand in capital assets such as land, buildings and improvements, equipment, or infrastructure (see Table 3). \$76,399.9 thousand was invested in similar assets last year.

Currently, plans are in the works to obtain bids for dump trucks. A wood chipper is also being added to capital assets. These pieces of equipment are necessary in continuing to bring a high quality of service to residents.

TABLE 4 - Outstanding Debt at Year End (In thousands)

	Governmer	ntal A	tal Activities Business-type Activities				Total			
	2005		2004		2005	 2004		2005		2004
General obligation bonds (backed up the City Other bonds or outstanding obligations	\$ - 3,186.1	\$	- 3,923.1	\$	13,782.4 289.5	\$ 14,832.1 -	\$	137,782.4 3,475.7	\$	14,832.1 3,923.1
Total	\$ 3,186.1	\$	3,923.1	\$	14,071.9	\$ 14,832.1	<u>\$</u>	17,258.0	\$	18,755.1

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Debt Management

At the close of the year, the City had \$17,258.0 thousand in outstanding bonds and notes as compared to \$18,755.1 thousand in the previous year (see table 4).

Economic Issues/Upcoming Yearly Budgets

Elected officials considered many issues when establishing the upcoming year's budget, tax rates, and fees.

The main goal of the upcoming budget is to eliminate spending into reserves. The mayor and City Council have adopted a plan that includes offering certain employees accumulated time at today's rates. No additional funds were spent on this program. Also, labor negotiations included a movement to a defined contribution plan, retirement health care benefit plan, and a 10/20/30 prescription co-pay.

A problem the City will be facing in upcoming budgets will be the question of available funding for retiree health care. In the past, this retiree benefit has been directly expensed through the General Fund. With the financial implications this imposes on the General Fund, the plan is to eliminate funding for this expenditure. In future years, alternatives to the current method of funding will be researched and strongly considered.

The City would also like to embark in a five-year capital projects plan that will help to improve the aging infrastructure. This will include street improvements, sewer improvements, park updates, and the purchasing/maintenance of equipment that is vital for Lincoln Park to continue to provide the highest quality services possible to its residents.

Contact Information

This report has been created to give our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors a summary of City finances and to show how its revenues are used. If you have any questions regarding this report, or if you need additional financial information, please contact:

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Fax: 313-386-2205 sduchane@citylp.com smoreno@citylp.com

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

		Pı	rima	ary Governme	nt			
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type			C	omponent
		Activities		Activities		Total		Units
Assets								
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	3,909,088	\$	1,256,229	\$	5,165,317	\$	677,585
Receivables:								
Taxes		872,217		93,246		965,463		=
Customers		-		2,210,370		2,210,370		-
Special assessments		26,968		-		26,968		-
Loans receivable		2,332,796		-		2,332,796		94,407
Accrued interest and other - Net of								
allowance for uncollectible taxes								
of \$178,000)		764,910		1,552		766,462		-
Due from other governmental units		1,445,382		-		1,445,382		-
Internal balances		558,355		(558,355)		-		-
Due from component units		99,447		1,782		101,229		-
Deposits and other assets		17,579		-		17,579		-
Inventories		84,877		47,792		132,669		-
Restricted assets (Note 8)		-		3,849,239		3,849,239		-
Capital assets - Net (Note 5)		44,324,084	_	30,772,567	_	75,096,651		172,070
Total assets		54,435,703		37,674,422		92,110,125		944,062
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		628,065		986,455		1,614,520		12,137
Accrued and other liabilities		1,695,742		46,104		1,741,846		94,406
Due to primary government		_		-		-		101,229
Deferred revenue (Note 4)		2,734,877		-		2,734,877		-
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 7):								
Due within one year		653,908		1,157,251		1,811,159		60,000
Due in more than one year		2,532,231		12,914,639		15,446,870		120,000
Total liabilities		8,244,823	_	15,104,449	_	23,349,272		387,772
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets - Net of								
related debt		43,654,934		16,990,207		60,645,141		172,070
Restricted:								
Streets and highways		1,614,678		-		1,614,678		-
Debt service		558,582		2,239,017		2,797,599		-
Sewer improvements		-		1,610,222		1,610,222		-
Unrestricted		362,686		1,730,527		2,093,213		384,220
Total net assets	\$	46,190,880	\$	22,569,973	\$	68,760,853	\$	556,290

		Program Revenues							
			Operating	Capital Grants					
		Charges for	Grants and	and					
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions					
Functions/Programs									
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 4,035,045	\$ 377,420	\$ 13,703	\$ -					
Public safety	14,202,256	1,292,732	210,371	-					
Public works	8,185,990	702,027	2,505,977	-					
Community and economic development	1,352,135	5,713	1,346,422	-					
Recreation and culture	2,063,848	503,085	9,100	-					
Interest on long-term debt	7,366								
Total governmental activities	29,846,640	2,880,977	4,085,573	-					
Business-type activities - Water and Sewer	6,937,328	5,974,333							
Total primary government	\$ 36,783,968	\$ 8,855,310	\$ 4,085,573	<u> - </u>					
Component units:									
Downtown Development Authority	\$ 510,636	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Economic Development Corporation	72,968	38,094	25,000						
Total component units	\$ 583,604	\$ 38,094	\$ 25,000	<u> </u>					

General revenues:

Property taxes:

City operating and rubbish

Retention basin and Downriver sewer system

Road maintenance

Downtown Development Authority

Total property taxes

State-shared revenues

Unrestricted investment earnings

Franchise fees

Gain on sale of assets

Total general revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning of year

Net Assets - End of year

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Asse

					-
	Pr	imary Governme	nt		
G	overnmental	Business-type			Component
	Activities	Activities		Total	Units
\$	(3,643,922)	\$ -	\$	(3,643,922)	\$ -
	(12,699,153)	=		(12,699,153)	=
	(4,977,986)	-		(4,977,986)	-
	-	-		-	-
	(1,551,663)	=		(1,551,663)	-
	(7,366)			(7,366)	
	(22,880,090)	-		(22,880,090)	-
	_	(962,995)		(962,995)	_
_		(702,773)	_	(702,773)	
	(22,880,090)	(962,995)		(23,843,085)	-
	_	_		_	(510,636)
	_	_		_	(9,874)
	-	=		-	(520,510)
	12,581,820	=		12,581,820	-
	-	1,709,697		1,709,697	-
	1,974,040	-		1,974,040	-
	<u> </u>				312,565
	14,555,860	1,709,697		16,265,557	312,565
	5,375,610	=		5,375,610	-
	218,616	54,160		272,776	19,186
	350,724	_		350,724	-
	4,646			4,646	101,708
	20,505,456	1,763,857		22,269,313	433,459
		.,. 00,007		,,	,
	(2,374,634)	800,862		(1,573,772)	(87,051)
_	48,565,514	21,769,111	_	70,334,625	643,341
¢	46 100 000	¢ 22 E40 072	¢	40 740 OF 2	\$ FF4 200
<u>\$</u>	46,190,880	\$ 22,569,973	\$	68,760,853	<u>\$ 556,290</u>

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

		Major	Func	ls				
	<u> </u>		(Community				
			D	evelopment				Total
		General	В	lock Grant			G	overnmental
		Fund		Fund	No	nmajor Funds		Funds
		runu		T GITG	- 10	innajor rando		- unas
Assets								
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	1,556,624	\$	433,351	\$	1,919,113	\$	3,909,088
Receivables:								
Taxes		787,128		-		85,089		872,217
Special assessments		-		-		26,968		26,968
Loans receivable		-		2,332,796		-		2,332,796
Other		386,504		-		2,267		388,771
Due from other governmental units		1,051,954		-		393,428		1,445,382
Due from other funds (Note 6)		873,834		-		705,101		1,578,935
Due from component units		99,035		-		412		99,447
Deposits and other assets		17,579		-		-		17,579
Inventories		84,877						84,877
Total assets	\$	4,857,535	\$	2,766,147	\$	3,132,378	\$	10,756,060
1.170	<u>-</u>	.,,	<u>-</u>	_,,	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	572,566	\$	29,418	\$	26,081	\$	628,065
Accrued and other liabilities		1,638,328		1,084		37,325		1,676,737
Due to other funds (Note 6)		138,874		59,220		822,486		1,020,580
Deferred revenue (Note 4)		58,452		2,676,425		26,968		2,761,845
Total liabilities		2,408,220		2,766,147		912,860		6,087,227
Fund Balances								
Reserved for inventories		84,877		_		_		84,877
Unreserved - Reported in:		,						,
General Fund		2,364,438		_		_		2,364,438
Special Revenue Funds - Designated				_		696,799		696,799
Special Revenue Funds - Undesignated		_		_		922,609		922,609
Debt Service Funds		_		_		558,582		558,582
Capital Projects Fund						41,528		41,528
Total fund balances		2,449,315				2,219,518		4,668,833
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,857,535	\$	2,766,147	\$	3,132,378	\$	10,756,060
	<u></u>	,,	-	, ,	<u>-</u>	,,	<u>-</u>	,, -

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,668,833
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	
net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not	
financial resources and are not reported in the	
governmental funds	44,324,084
Special assessment and grant receivables are expected to be	
collected over several years, and are not available to pay	
for current year expenditures	26,968
Personal property receivables are expected to be collected	
over several years, and are not available to pay for	
current year expenditures	376,139
Accrued interest payable is recorded as a liability in	
governmental activities	(19,005)
Compensated absences are included as a liability in	
governmental activities	(1,706,989)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and are not reported in the governmental funds	 (1,479,150)
Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 46,190,880

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Major Funds							
			С	ommunity				
			De	velopment				Total
		General	Block Grant				G	overnmental
		Fund		Fund	Nor	nmajor Funds		Funds
Revenue			_				_	
Property taxes	\$	12,581,820	\$	-	\$	1,795,133	\$	14,376,953
Federal sources		48,435		1,085,976		3,500		1,137,911
State sources		5,519,901		-		2,502,477		8,022,378
Licenses and permits		2,348,527		-		-		2,348,527
Fines and forfeitures		1,286,445		-		-		1,286,445
Interest and rentals		185,649		-		33,717		219,366
Other		464,499		266,159		34,849		765,507
Total revenue		22,435,276		1,352,135		4,369,676		28,157,087
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		4,031,486		_		132,702		4,164,188
Public safety		14,464,065		_		379,587		14,843,652
Public works		3,809,874		-		3,939,442		7,749,316
Community development		_		1,352,135		-		1,352,135
Recreation and culture		1,906,111		_		_		1,906,111
Capital outlay		_				8,450		8,450
Total expenditures		24,211,536		1,352,135		4,460,181		30,023,852
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue		(1,776,260)		-		(90,505)		(1,866,765)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		367,438		367,438
Transfers out				-		(367,438)		(367,438)
Total other financing sources (uses)							_	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,776,260)		-		(90,505)		(1,866,765)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		4,225,575				2,310,023	_	6,535,598
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	2,449,315	\$		<u>\$</u>	2,219,518	\$	4,668,833

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,866,765)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation	2,589,638
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not considered financial resources; as such, depreciation recorded on those assets is not considered an activity of the funds	(3,975,204)
Delinquent personal property tax revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when the revenue is earned; they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end	181,907
Special assessment revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when the assessment is set; they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end	(33,763)
Lawsuit settlement is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds	(120,000)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	182,646
Interest expense is recorded in the funds when due; it is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred	(7,366)
Decrease in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay, as well as estimated general liability claims, is recorded when earned in the statement of activities	 674,273
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,374,634)

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Major Fund	Fund	
	Water and	Development	
	Sewer Fund	Fund	Total
•			-
Assets			
Current assets:	.		ф
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 1,175,348	\$ 80,881	\$ 1,256,229
Receivables:	02.044		00.044
Taxes	93,246	-	93,246
Customers	2,210,370	-	2,210,370
Other	1,552	=	1,552
Due from component unit	1,782	-	1,782
Inventories	47,792	-	47,792
Restricted assets - Current portion (Note 8)	1,054,128	-	1,054,128
Total current assets	4,584,218	80,881	4,665,099
Long-term assets:			
Restricted assets - Long-term portion (Note 8)	2,795,111	-	2,795,111
Capital assets (Note 5)	30,772,567		30,772,567
Total assets	38,151,896	80,881	38,232,777
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	984,140	2,315	986,455
Accrued and other liabilities	46,104	=	46,104
Due to other funds (Note 6)	558,355	_	558,355
Current liabilities payable (Note 7)	103,123	_	103,123
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets (Note 8)	1,054,128		1,054,128
Total current liabilities	2,745,850	2,315	2,748,165
Long-term debt - Net of current portion (Note 7)	12,914,639		12,914,639
Total liabilities	15,660,489	2,315	15,662,804
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt	16,990,207	_	16,990,207
Restricted (Note 8)	3,849,239	_	3,849,239
Unrestricted and undesignated	1,651,961	78,566	1,730,527
Total net assets	\$ 22,491,407	\$ 78,566	\$ 22,569,973

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Major Fund	Fund	
	Water and Sewer	Development	•
	Fund	Fund	Total
Operating Revenue			
Sale of water	\$ 2,434,531	\$ -	\$ 2,434,531
Sewage disposal charges	3,173,809	-	3,173,809
Other	365,993		365,993
Total operating revenue	5,974,333	-	5,974,333
Operating Expenses			
Cost of water	1,232,544	-	1,232,544
Cost of sewage disposal	1,722,483	-	1,722,483
Operation and maintenance	381,261	-	381,261
General and administrative	1,484,271	-	1,484,271
Depreciation	1,043,528	-	1,043,528
Other	506,054		506,054
Total operating expenses	6,370,141		6,370,141
Operating Loss	(395,808)	-	(395,808)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)			
Property taxes	1,709,697	-	1,709,697
Investment income	54,160	-	54,160
Interest expense	(567,187)		(567,187)
Total nonoperating revenue	1,196,670		1,196,670
Change in Net Assets	800,862	-	800,862
Net Assets - Beginning of year	21,690,545	78,566	21,769,111
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 22,491,407	\$ 78,566	\$ 22,569,973

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Major Fund		Nonmajor Fund			
		Water and	De	velopment	•	
		Sewer Fund	Fund			Total
		Jerrer Fana		T GITG		10tai
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Receipts from customers	\$	5,422,621	\$	-	\$	5,422,621
Payment to suppliers		(3,643,342)		-		(3,643,342)
Payments to employees for wages and benefits		(1,283,152)		-		(1,283,152)
Other receipts		365,993				365,993
Net cash provided by operating activites		862,120		-		862,120
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Collection of property taxes		1,726,893		-		1,726,893
Payment to County Debt Service Fund		(782,602)		-		(782,602)
Purchase of capital assets		(1,125,679)		-		(1,125,679)
Principal paid on debt		(530,000)		_		(530,000)
Interest paid on debt		(343,245)				(343,245)
Net cash used in capital and related						
financing activities		(1,054,633)		-		(1,054,633)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest received						
on investments		28,892				28,892
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(163,621)		-		(163,621)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2004		3,901,191		80,881		3,982,072
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2005	<u>\$</u>	3,737,570	\$	80,881	\$	3,818,451
Balance Sheet Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,175,348	\$	80,881	\$	1,256,229
Restricted assets (Note 8)		1,783,227			_	1,783,227
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,958,575	\$	80,881	\$	3,039,456
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from						
Operating Activities						
Operating loss	\$	(395,808)	\$	_	\$	(395,808)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from		,				, ,
operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		1,043,528		_		1,043,528
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Increase in receivables		(185,558)		_		(185,558)
Increase in accounts payable		193,413		_		193,413
Increase in compensated absences and lawsuit settlement		289,530		_		289,530
Decrease in accrued and other liabilities		(82,985)				(82,985)
Net cash provided by operating						
activities	<u>\$</u>	862,120	\$	-	\$	862,120

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Pension and Other			
	Employee Benefits			
	Trust Funds			ncy Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,181,391	\$	13,386
Investments at fair value:				
Common stock		20,680,174		-
U.S. government securities		8,357,753		-
U.S. government agencies		8,560,914		-
Corporate bonds		5,090,787		-
Mutual funds		3,485,875		-
Accrued interest		250,151		
Total assets		50,607,045	\$	13,386
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		520	\$	-
Accrued and other liabilities				13,386
Total liabilities		520	\$	13,386
Net Assets - Held in trust for pension and other employee benefits	\$	50,606,525		

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds		
Additions			
Contributions:			
Employer	\$ 1,864,708		
Plan members	987,189		
Health benefit	345,240		
Total contributions	3,197,137		
Investment earnings:			
Net increase in fair value of investments	1,999,613		
Interest and dividends	1,915,467		
Less investment expenses	(417,589)		
Total investment earnings	3,497,491		
Total additions	6,694,628		
Deductions			
Benefit payments	6,147,716		
Refunds of contributions	9,774,418		
Administrative expenses	27,497		
Total deductions	15,949,631		
Net Decrease in Plan Net Assets	(9,255,003)		
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension and Other			
Employee Benefits			
Beginning of year	59,861,528		
End of year	\$ 50,606,525		

Component Units Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Downtown Development Authority		Economic Development Corporation		Totals
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Loans receivable Land	\$	294,095 - 172,070	\$	383,490 94,407 -	\$ 677,585 94,407 172,070
Total assets		466,165		477,897	944,062
Liabilities Accounts payable Deferred revenue Due to primary government Noncurrent liabilities (Note 7):		- - 69,331		12,137 94,406 31,898	12,137 94,406 101,229
Due within one year Due in more than one year		60,000 120,000		<u>-</u>	 60,000 120,000
Total liabilities		249,331		138,441	 387,772
Net Assets	\$	216,834	\$	339,456	\$ 556,290

				nues		
					0	perating
			Ch	arges for	(Grants/
	E	xpenses		Services	Cor	ntributions
Governmental activities:						
Downtown Development Authority	\$	510,636	\$	-	\$	-
Economic Development Corporation		72,968		38,094		25,000
Total governmental activities	\$	583,604	\$	38,094	\$	25,000

General revenues:

Property taxes
Gain on sale of land
Interest

Total general revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning of year

Net Assets - End of year

Component Units Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

\$ 216,834	\$ 339,456	\$	556,290		
 404,639	238,702	-	643,341		
(187,805)	100,754		(87,051)		
 322,831	110,628		433,459		
 10,266	8,920		19,186		
-	101,708		101,708		
312,565	-		312,565		
(510,636)	(9,874)		(520,510)		
 	(9,874)		(9,874)		
\$ (510,636)	\$ -	\$	(510,636)		
 Authority	Corporation		Total		
velopment	Development	- .			
 Oowntown	Economic				

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan:

Reporting Entity

The City of Lincoln Park, Michigan is governed by an elected six-member Council and the mayor. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations. The discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City (see discussion below for description).

Blended Component Units

- a. The Building Authority is a City-created and City-directed authority whose sole business activity is acquiring and leasing property to the City. The Building Authority is governed by a board that is appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings.
- b. The City of Lincoln Park Police and Fire Retirement System and Municipal Employees' Retirement System have also been blended into the City's financial statements. Both systems are governed by five-member pension boards. The mayor and one City Council member sit on each board. Two members of the board are elected by the participants. In addition, the City Council appoints one City resident to each board. The systems are reported as if they were part of the primary government because of the fiduciary responsibility that the City retains relative to the operations of the retirement systems.

Discretely Presented Component Units

a. The Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority") was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The Authority's governing body, which consists of eight individuals, is appointed by the mayor. The appointment is subject to approval by the City Council. In addition, the Authority's budget is subject to approval by the City Council.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

b. The Economic Development Corporation (EDC) is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. The EDC was created to provide means and methods for the encouragement and assistance of industrial and commercial enterprises in relocating, purchasing, constructing, improving, or expanding within the City so as to provide needed services and facilities of such enterprises to the residents of the City. The EDC's governing body, which consists of nine individuals, is selected by the City Council and mayor.

The component units above do not issue separate financial statements.

The City has excluded the Lincoln Park Housing Commission from this report because the City is not able to impose its will on the Housing Commission.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, and component unit financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual - that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Major revenue types for which receivables are recorded on the current accounting period's balance sheet include property taxes and state-shared revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following three major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - The Community Development Block Grant Fund accounts for the resources of federal grant revenues, which are restricted for use in assisting the City with community development.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Water and Sewer Fund - The Water and Sewer Fund is the City's only major proprietary fund. It accounts for the activities of the water distribution system and sewage collection system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds - The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds account for the activities of the Police and Fire Retirement System, the Municipal Employees' Retirement System, and the Retirees' Health Benefit Fund, which accumulate resources for pension and postretirement health benefit payments to qualified police and fire and municipal employees.

Agency Funds - The Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Private sector standards of accounting issued prior to December I, 1989 are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City has not elected to apply private sector standards issued after December I, 1989.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relates to charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Bank Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Property Taxes - Properties are assessed as of December 31. The related property taxes are billed and become a lien on July 1. The taxes are due on February 28 before they are added to the county tax rolls. Taxpayers not paying one-third of the tax by August 20, one-third by October 15, and the balance by February 28 are subject to penalties. Property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

The 2004 taxable valuation of the City totaled \$674 million, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 16.1258 mills for the City's operating purposes, 2.4187 mills for refuse, 2.7356 mills for road construction, 1.3000 mills for Ecorse Creek debt, and 1.2000 mills for Downriver Sewage Disposal System debt. The ad valorem taxes levied are recognized in the respective General, Special Revenue, and Water and Sewer Funds financial statements as taxes receivable - current or as tax revenue.

Inventories - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. General Fund fund balance has been reserved in an amount equal to the cost of the inventory. The inventory includes gasoline and supplies for machinery and equipment.

Restricted Assets - The restricted assets in the Water and Sewer Fund consist of cash and cash equivalents restricted to provide for the replacement of water and sewer assets. Also, monies received from a tax levy are restricted for the payment of outstanding Water and Sewer Fund debt. In addition, restricted assets result from the establishment of debt reserves related to county sewage disposal system bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City using different individual costs and estimated useful lives, depending on the different asset uses and classifications. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$3,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The City has not capitalized any City-owned land.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Roads and sidewalks	25 years
Water and sewer distribution systems	20-75 years
Buildings and building improvements	10-45 years
Vehicles	5-20 years
Machinery and equipment	10-45 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. A liability is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net assets. If applicable, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information - The budget represents a complete financial plan for all activities of the City for the ensuing fiscal year. All estimated income and proposed expenditures are detailed and presented in a form prescribed by law.

The budget process begins with goals and objectives meetings in April with the City Council and administrative staff. These are public meetings. Based upon presentations by the City staff and discussion between the mayor and the City Council, goals and objectives are prioritized by the City Council for the next fiscal year.

Each April, department heads receive workpapers to prepare their individual line item budgets. Upon completion, the departmental budgets are returned to the controller in May. The finance director then analyzes these amounts. Further discussions occur with department heads and the budget is adjusted accordingly.

A proposed, balanced budget is then developed to support the direction and focus established for the community by the City Council. Specific issues are identified which are vital to continued quality services within the means available. This method of budgeting serves to improve the level of organizational accountability. City Council meetings, held in May, provide all interested citizens an open forum where they can be heard. Upon review and a subsequent public hearing, the City Council adopts the proposed budget by resolution.

The budget is scheduled for adoption at the first regular City Council meeting in June. The operating millage rate is established as part of the budget adoption resolution at that meeting.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

The City adopts its budget by budgetary center (activity/department), which is in accordance with the State's legal requirement and is the level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations.

Budget appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2005 has not been calculated. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, with the following exceptions:

- Operating transfers have been included in the "revenue" and "expenditures" categories, rather than as "other financing sources (uses)".
- Capital outlay financed with debt is budgeted net of the related debt proceeds.

The budget comparison for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund, as adopted by the City Council, is included as required supplemental information. Budget comparisons for other Special Revenue Funds (except for the Compensated Absences Fund, which was not budgeted) are available at City Hall.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - During the year, there were no significant expenditures in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The City is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Pension Trust Funds and Retiree Health Care Fund are also authorized by Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965 and Public Act 149 of 1999, as amended, to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

The City has designated two banks for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of state statutory authority as listed above. The City's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the City had \$2,537,195 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

			Weighted
			Average
Investment	F	air Value	Maturity
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	8,357,753	4.3 years
U.S. Agency securities		8,505,491	2.7 years
Corporate bonds		5,090,787	5.0 years

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

		Rating
Rating	Fair Value	Organization
AAA	\$ 5,313,034	S&P
AA	99,660	S&P
AA-	63,161	S&P
A+	2,095,666	S&P
Α	1,472,745	S&P
A-	751,667	S&P
BBB+	61,791	S&P
BBB	80,987	S&P
BBB-	89,517	S&P
Not Rated	11,961,804	N/A

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 4 - Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. In addition, the City has made loan to homeowners and assessed liens for rehabilitation projects paid for with grant funds. Program income is recognized as the loans and liens are repaid. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

	Un	available	 Jnearned	
Special assessments	\$	26,968	\$ -	
Grant and program income payments received				
prior to meeting all eligibility requirements		-	402,081	
Rehabilitation liens and loans			 2,332,796	
Total	\$	26,968	\$ 2,734,877	

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

	Balance			Balance		
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2004	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2005		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Roads and sidewalks	\$ 91,738,334	\$ 2,250,074	\$ -	\$ 93,988,408		
Buildings and improvements	5,993,585	37,518	_	6,031,103		
Vehicles	4,437,475	98,330	294,646	4,241,159		
Equipment	4,965,601	203,716		5,169,317		
Subtotal	107,134,995	2,589,638	294,646	109,429,987		
Accumulated depreciation:						
Roads and sidewalks	51,146,377	3,229,331	-	54,375,708		
Buildings and improvements	4,581,047	78,418	-	4,659,465		
Vehicles	2,515,892	235,818	294,646	2,457,064		
Equipment	3,182,029	431,637		3,613,666		
Subtotal	61,425,345	3,975,204	294,646	65,105,903		
Net capital assets being						
depreciated	\$ 45,709,650	<u>\$ (1,385,566)</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 44,324,084		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance				Balance			
Business-type Activities	Ju	ıly I, 2004	A	dditions	June 30, 2005			
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$	16,540	\$ -		\$	16,540		
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Water and sewer distribution systems		40,663,447		766,165		41,429,612		
Buildings and building improvements		1,493,824		179,998		1,673,822		
Vehicles		549,800		14,196		563,996		
Machinery and equipment	_	2,327,029		165,320		2,492,349		
Subtotal		45,034,100		1,125,679		46,159,779		
Accumulated depreciation:								
Water and sewer distribution systems		11,938,887		890,626		12,829,513		
Buildings and building improvements		1,303,249		36,795		1,340,044		
Vehicles		184,880		60,984		245,864		
Machinery and equipment		933,208		55,123		988,331		
Subtotal		14,360,224		1,043,528		15,403,752		
Net capital assets being depreciated		30,673,876		82,151		30,756,027		
Net capital assets	\$	30,690,416	\$	82,151	<u>\$</u>	30,772,567		

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 54,81	8
Public safety	276,33	5
Public works	3,423,26	3
Recreation and culture	220,78	8
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,975,20	4
Business-type activities - Water and sewer	\$ I,043,52	8

Component Units - Capital assets of the component units consist of a parcel of land purchased by the Downtown Development Authority in 2005.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Due to/from Other Funds			
General Fund	Community Development Block Grant		
	Fund	\$	59,220
	Water and Sewer Fund		558,355
	Nonmajor governmental funds		256,259
	Total General Fund		873,834
Nonmajor governmental funds: Special Revenue Funds:			
Local Streets Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds		566,227
Compensated Absences Fund	General Fund		9,542
Street Improvement Fund Debt Service Funds - Water Bond	General Fund		99,204
Debt Fund	General Fund		30,128
	Total Special Revenue Funds	_	705,101
	Total	<u>\$</u>	1,578,935

Interfund transfers include the transfer of \$367,438 of Act 51 funding from Major Streets Fund to Local Streets Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government.

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

		Principal								
	Interest	Maturity			,	Additions			Du	e Within One
	Rate	Ranges	Beg	inning Balance	(Re	eductions)		Ending Balance		Year
Governmental Activities - Other long-term										
obligations:										
Installment purchase agreements:										
Amount of issue - \$1,889,373	4.00% -	\$1,687-								
Maturing though various dates	7.58%	\$48,038	\$	851,796	\$	(182,646)	\$	669,150	\$	174,699
Compensated absences				2,381,262		(674,273)		1,706,989		439,209
Lawsuit settlement				-		120,000		120,000		40,000
Contingent liability - Personal property										
tax refunds				690,000		<u> </u>	_	690,000		
Total governmental activities			\$	3,923,058	\$	(736,919)	\$	3,186,139	\$	653,908
Business-type Activities - General										
obligation bonds:										
Ecorse Creek Pollution Bond - Phase III:										
Amount of issue - \$10,250,000										
Maturing through 2012	5.00%	\$750,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	-	\$	1,500,000	\$	-
Ecorse Creek # I Phase III:										
Amount of issue - \$8,295,000	5.30% -	\$485,000-								
Maturing through 2010	6.0%	\$750,000		4,285,000		(530,000)		3,755,000		520,000
Downriver Sewage Disposal Bonds:										
Amount of issue - \$11,797,444	2.00% -	\$62-								
Maturing through various dates	2.50%	\$29,622	_	9,047,084		(519,724)		8,527,360		534,128
Total general obligation bonds				14,832,084		(1,049,724)		13,782,360		1,054,128
Other long-term obligations:										
Basement flooding lawsuit settlement				-		150,000		150,000		75,000
Compensated absences						139,530	_	139,530		28,123
Total other long-term obligations						289,530	_	289,530		103,123
Total business-type activities			\$	14,832,084	\$	(760,194)	\$	14,071,890	\$	1,157,251
Component Units - Other long-term obligations -										
Lawsuit settlement			\$		\$	180,000	\$	180,000	\$	60,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above debt obligations are as follows (excludes compensated absence and contingent liabilities on personal property tax refunds):

	Gove	ernmental Ac	tivities	Bu	Component Units				
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 214,699	\$ 26,597	\$ 241,296	\$ 1,129,128	\$ 502,270	\$ 1,631,398	\$ 60,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000
2007	219,699	19,447	239,146	1,138,147	458,789	1,596,936	60,000	· -	60,000
2008	205,614	12,451	218,065	1,067,673	414,829	1,482,502	60,000	-	60,000
2009	149,138	6,268	155,406	1,326,606	362,777	1,689,383	-	-	-
2010	-	-	-	1,332,232	302,896	1,635,128	-	-	-
2011-2015	-	-	-	5,412,095	734,708	6,146,803	-	-	-
2016-2020	-	-	-	2,455,159	149,489	2,604,648	-	-	-
2021				71,320	1,337	72,657			
Total	\$ 789,150	\$ 64,763	\$ 853,913	\$ 13,932,360	\$ 2,927,095	\$ 16,859,455	\$ 180,000	\$ -	\$ 180,000

Note 8 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets in the business-type activities consist of cash and cash equivalents restricted to provide for the replacement of Enterprise Fund assets. Also, monies received from a tax levy are restricted for the payment of outstanding Enterprise Fund debt. In addition, restricted assets result from the establishment of debt and operating reserves related to county sewage disposal system bonds. The restricted assets at June 30, 2005 consist of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents:

Ecorse Creek replacement reserve	\$ 1,000,000
Enterprise Fund debt service	468,488
Water and sewer capital improvement	214,005
Engineering and sewer improvement reserve	 100,734
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,783,227
Wayne County sewage disposal system:	
Assets held at the County for future debt payments	1,770,529
Sewer operation reserve	 295,483
Total restricted assets	\$ 3,849,239

Current liabilities to be paid from restricted assets of \$1,054,128 at June 30, 2005 consist of the current portion of the Ecorse Creek pollution bonds and the Downriver Sewage Disposal System (Series A&B and State Revolving Fund) bonds, which are to be paid from debt levy revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 9 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for medical benefit claims and participates in the Michigan Municipal League risk pool for claims relating to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postretirement Benefits

Plan Description - The Police and Fire Retirement System and the Municipal Employees' Retirement System are single-employer defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan. These plans cover all full-time police and fire employees and general employees of the City. The systems provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. At June 30, 2004, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, membership consisted of the following:

	Police and	Municipal
	Fire	Employees ¹
	Retirement	Retirement
	System	System
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	144	156
Current employees:		
Fully vested	31	40
Nonvested	51	53
Total current employees	82	93

The plans do not issue a separate financial report.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postretirement Benefits (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the systems for these employees was established by City ordinance and negotiation with the police, fire, and general employees' competitive bargaining units and requires a contribution from the employees of 8.18 percent of qualifying wages for police and fire employees and 8.41 percent of qualifying wages for general employees. The funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. Administrative costs of the plans are financed through investment earnings.

Annual Pension Costs - For the year ended June 30, 2005, the City's annual pension cost was as follows (rounded to the nearest thousand):

			1	Municipal	
	Poli	ce and Fire	Е	mployees'	
	Re	etirement	Retiremen		
	System			System	
Annual pension cost	\$	928,000	\$	936,000	
Actual and required contribution		928,000		936,000	

The annual required contributions were determined as part of an actuarial valuation at June 30, 2004, using the entry age cost method for both the Police and Fire Retirement System and the Municipal Employees' Retirement System. Significant actuarial assumptions for both systems include: (i) an 8 percent investment rate of return; (ii) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent to 8.3 percent per year; and (iii) 4.5 percent per year cost of living adjustments. Both plans assume that benefits will not increase after retirement, with the exception of police members retiring after January 1, 1996. These employees will receive an increase of \$300 in annual benefits each year after retirement. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percent of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postretirement Benefits (Continued)

Reserves - As of June 30, 2005, the plans' legally required reserves have been fully funded as follows:

		Municipal
	Police and Fire	Employees ¹
	Retirement	Retirement
	System	System
Reserve for employees' contribution Reserve for retired benefit payments	\$ 4,596,573 26,461,422	\$ 4,107,376 12,069,744

Three-year Trend Information

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
		2003		2004		2005					
General Employees' Retirement System:											
Annual pension costs (APC)	\$	833,000	\$	905,000	\$	936,000					
Percentage of APC contributed		100%		100%		100%					
Net pension obligation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					
Police and Fire Retirement System:											
Annual pension costs (APC)	\$	683,000	\$	834,000	\$	928,000					
Percentage of APC contributed		100%		100%		100%					
Net pension obligation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					

Amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand.

Note I I - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The City established a defined contribution pension plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan was approved by City Council during the year ended June 30, 2005 and covers all full-time employees (with the exception of elected officials and commission or board members) hired on or after December 1, 2004.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note II - Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Continued)

In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Under the defined contribution plan, the City is required to contribute 7 percent of each participant's annual earnings. In accordance with the requirements, the City expensed \$23,439 during the current year.

Employees are permitted, but not required, to make contributions up the maximum allowed by law.

Note 12 - Other Postemployment Benefits

The City provides health care benefits to all employees covered by the Police and Fire Retirement System and the Municipal Employees' Retirement System upon retirement, in accordance with labor contracts. Currently, 308 retirees are eligible. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees and their spouses in its insured health care plan, with no contribution required by the participants. The City purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. Expenditures for postemployment health care benefits are recognized in the General Fund, Water Fund, Major and Local Streets Funds, and Community Development Block Grant Fund as the insurance premiums become due; during the year, this totaled approximately \$1,367,000.

The City has established a Retirees Healthcare Trust Fund that currently has \$3,371,747 of net assets. No expenditures are being charged to the trust until it reaches a level to be specified by Council.

In addition, subsequent to year end, the City established a Retirement Health Savings Plan. Under the plan, the City contributes 2 percent of covered payroll for employees hired after December 1, 2004. Employees may also contribute to the plan.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement Number 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new rules will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year beginning July 1, 2008.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 13 - Construction Code Fees

The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. Beginning January I, 2000, the law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative shortfall generated since January I, 2000 is as follows:

Cumulative shortfall - June 30, 2004	\$ (368,822)
Building permit revenue	396,542
Related direct expenditures	 (411,537)
Cumulative shortfall - June 30, 2005	\$ (383,817)

Note 14 - Contingent Liability

The City is involved in certain legal matters that have not progressed to a point where any ultimate liability can be determined. As such, no liability has been reflected in these financial statements.

Note 15 - Commitment

The City had been named as a defendant in a lawsuit alleging violations of the Clean Water Act occurring in the Downriver Sewage Treatment System. Several other communities, including Wayne County, were also named as defendants. Under terms of the consent decree, the communities are required to undertake construction projects to expand the capacity of the system and eliminate any violations of the Clean Water Act. The estimated total cost of the project is approximately \$300,000,000, with the City's share estimated to be approximately \$12,000,000 to finance construction. The remaining liability to the City is estimated to be approximately \$2,000,000. The bonds are being paid through a court-ordered judgment levy.

During September 2005, the City (through Wayne County) issued \$547,400 in additional State Revolving Fund bonds. In addition, capital improvement and project completion bonds in the amount of \$437,575 and \$992,079, respectively, were approved for issuance by the City Council subsequent to year end. The County expects to issue the bonds during 2006.

Required Supplemental Inform	ation

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Original Budget	Amended Budget		Actual	V	Favorable Unfavorable) Variance with nended Budget
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$	4,225,575	\$ 4,225,575	\$	4,225,575	\$	-
Resources (Inflows)							
Property taxes: Real and personal property taxes Garbage and rubbish Payments in lieu of taxes	_	10,987,000 1,591,000 32,000	 11,033,979 1,600,769 -		10,986,695 1,595,125 -		(47,284) (5,644)
Total property taxes		12,610,000	12,634,748		12,581,820		(52,928)
Federal sources		13,200	49,853		48,435		(1,418)
State sources: Revenue-sharing State grants Liquor license fees		5,430,000 135,000 20,000	5,392,719 130,729 21,507		5,375,610 122,784 21,507		(17,109) (7,945)
Total State sources	_	5,585,000	 5,544,955		5,519,901		(25,054)
Licenses and permits: Building, electrical, heating, and plumbing permits Recreation programs Motor pool rentals Cable television franchise fee Rental and inspection		531,210 466,050 742,400 300,000 98,740	518,738 465,010 838,853 358,924 122,630		543,942 476,145 726,094 358,924 121,310		25,204 11,135 (112,759) - (1,320)
Recycling and composting		122,000	 122,000		122,112		<u> </u>
Total licenses and permits		2,260,400	2,426,155		2,348,527		(77,628)
Fines and forfeitures		1,383,000	1,383,000		1,286,445		(96,555)
Interest and rent		174,300	223,838		185,649		(38,189)
Transfer from other funds		30,000	-		-		·
Other		322,600	433,594		464,499		30,905
	_			_			
Total resources (inflows) Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) General government:		26,604,075	26,921,718		26,660,851		(260,867)
General government Mayor and Council City Clerk Election Commission City Assessor City Attorney City Controller Personnel and purchasing Treasury department Municipal building Rental inspection		2,068,815 214,760 188,040 60,600 96,965 175,065 338,190 301,710 282,345 136,425 130,955	 2,904,964 239,694 196,833 54,011 110,359 116,084 321,943 255,074 270,111 121,537 133,619		2,240,526 231,482 194,632 52,955 106,558 115,606 321,643 253,171 263,847 118,879 132,187		664,438 8,212 2,201 1,056 3,801 478 300 1,903 6,264 2,658 1,432
Total general government		3,993,870	4,724,229		4,031,486		692,743

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual	(U Va	Favorable Infavorable) Iriance with Ended Budget
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) (Continued)							
Public safety:								
Police	\$	7,848,835	\$	8,119,221	\$	7,965,927	\$	153,294
Fire		4,287,985		4,516,657		4,523,159		(6,502)
Civil defense		87,665		89,740		87,175		2,565
Building department		420,145		422,436		408,492		13,944
District Court	_	1,479,312	_	1,479,312	_	1,479,312		-
Total public safety		14,123,942		14,627,366		14,464,065		163,301
Public works:								
Department of Public Works		1,431,700		1,118,145		1,082,370		35,775
Planning Commission		8,900		7,400		5,448		1,952
Motor pool		97,745		379,044		345,597		33,447
Sidewalks		100,000		75,756		75,756		-
Street lighting		453,000		475,000		473,920		1,080
Sanitation		1,849,000	_	1,845,181		1,826,783		18,398
Total public works		3,940,345		3,900,526		3,809,874		90,652
Recreation and culture:								
Kennedy Memorial Building		67,220		78,642		77,548		1,094
Historical Museum		21,000		21,000		21,000		-
Parks		481,770		428,585		419,207		9,378
Recreation and culture		397,580		342,647		332,707		9,940
Library		288,980		280,944		221,294		59,650
Social services		232,000		223,440		227,885		(4,445)
Community Center		539,230		482,755		448,694		34,061
Senior citizens		184,845	_	171,467	_	157,776		13,691
Total recreation and culture		2,212,625		2,029,480		1,906,111		123,369
Total charges to appropriations								
(outflows)		24,270,782	_	25,281,601	_	24,211,536		1,070,065
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	2,333,293	<u>\$</u>	1,640,117	<u>\$</u>	2,449,315	\$	809,198

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Fund Community Development Block Grant Fund Year Ended June 30, 2005

							I	Favorable
							(U	nfavorable)
							Va	riance with
				Amended			,	Amended
	Origina	l Budget		Budget		Actual		Budget
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Resources (Inflows)								
Federal sources	2,2	252,068		2,252,068		1,085,976		(1,166,092)
Other			_	-	_	266,159		266,159
Total resources (inflows)	2,2	252,068		2,252,068		1,352,135		(899,933)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) -								
Health and welfare	2,2	252,068	_	2,252,068	_	1,352,135	_	899,933
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-

Required Supplementary Information Retirement Systems Schedule of Funding Progress Municipal Employees' Retirement System

				Actuarial			Funded			
Actuarial	Ad	tuarial Value		Accrued	Ur	nfunded AAL	Ratio			UAAL as a
Valuation		of Assets	Li	ability (AAL)		(UAAL)	(Percent)	Co	vered Payroll	Percentage of
Date		(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a÷b)		(c)	Covered Payroll
06/30/99	\$	19,553,000	\$	29,482,000	\$	9,929,000	66	\$	4,600,000	216
06/30/00		20,997,000		29,888,000		8,891,000	70		4,642,000	192
06/30/01		21,783,000		30,193,000		8,410,000	72		4,837,000	174
06/30/02		21,612,000		30,844,000		9,232,000	70		4,936,000	187
06/30/03		21,182,000		30,852,000		9,670,000	69		4,926,000	196
06/30/04*		21,194,000		36,581,000		15,387,000	58		3,901,000	394

^{*} At conclusion of early retirement window at 12/31/04

Retirement Systems Schedule of Employer Contributions Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Year Ended	Annual Required	Actual	Percentage Contributed	
June 30	Contribution	Contribution		
2000	\$ 906,000	\$ 906,000	100.00	
2001	892,000	892,000	100.00	
2002	841,000	841,000	100.00	
2003	833,000	833,000	100.00	
2004	905,000	905,000	100.00	
2005	936,000	936,000	100.00	

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the date indicated. Additional information as of June 30, 2004, the latest actuarial valuation, follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent, open
Amortization period (perpetual)	30 years
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	8.0%
Projected salary increases*	4.5%
*Includes inflation at	4.5%
Additional salary increases attributable to senority/merit	0% to 3.8%

Required Supplementary Information Retirement Systems Schedule of Funding Progress Police and Fire Retirement System

				Actuarial			Funded			
Actuarial	A	ctuarial Value		Accrued	U	nfunded AAL	Ratio			UAAL as a
Valuation		of Assets	Li	iability (AAL)		(UAAL)	(Percent)	Co	vered Payroll	Percentage of
Date		(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a÷b)		(c)	Covered Payroll
06/30/99	\$	42,067,000	\$	39,734,000	\$	(2,333,000)	106	\$	5,171,000	-
06/30/00		45,090,000		42,431,000		(2,659,000)	106		5,231,000	-
06/30/01		46,725,000		44,235,000		(2,490,000)	106		5,366,000	-
06/30/02		46,939,000		46,333,000		(606,000)	101		5,611,000	-
06/30/03		46,303,000		47,487,000		1,184,000	98		5,588,000	21
06/30/04 *		43,611,000		54,615,000		11,004,000	80		4,347,000	253

^{*} At conclusion of early retirement window at 12/31/04

Retirement Systems Schedule of Employer Contributions Police and Fire Retirement System

Year Ended June 30	al Required	Actual Intribution	Percentage Contributed
2000	\$ 651,000	\$ 651,000	100.00
2001	551,000	551,000	100.00
2002	631,000	631,000	100.00
2003	683,000	683,000	100.00
2004	834,000	834,000	100.00
2005	928,000	928,000	100.00

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the date indicated. Additional information as of June 30, 2004, the latest actuarial valuation, follows:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent, open
Amortization period (perpetual)	30 years
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	8.0%
Projected salary increases*	4.5%
*Includes inflation at	4.5%
Additional salary increases attributable to senority/merit	0% to 3.8%

Other Supplemental Information

		Special Rev	enue Funds	
	Major	Local	Street	Compensated
	Streets	Streets	Improvement	Absences
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,009,234	\$ 113,678	\$ 228,486	\$ -
Receivables:				
Taxes	-	-	85,089	-
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Due from other governmental units	294,117	99,311	-	-
Due from component units	=	-	412	-
Due from other funds	-	566,227	99,204	9,542
Total assets	\$ 1,303,351	\$ 779,216	\$ 413,191	\$ 9,542
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 15,940	\$ 5,278	\$ 51	\$ 4,812
Accrued and other liabilities	20,549	16,776	-	-
Due to other funds	716,936	105,550	-	-
Deferred revenue				
Total liabilities	753,425	127,604	51	4,812
Fund Balances				
Designated	337,354	349,445	10,000	-
Undesignated	212,572	302,167	403,140	4,730
Total fund balance	549,926	651,612	413,140	4,730
Total liabilities and				
fund balances	\$ 1,303,351	<u>\$ 779,216</u>	\$ 413,191	\$ 9,542

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

	Debt Serv	vice Funds	_			
						Total
					Ν	onmajor
		Water Bonds	Сар	ital Projects	Gov	ernmental
Gei	neral Debt	Debt		Fund		Funds
\$	105,556	\$ 420,631	\$	41,528	\$	1,919,113
	_	_		_		85,089
	-	_		26,968		26,968
	-	2,267		-		2,267
	-	-		-		393,428
	-	-		-		412
		30,128		-		705,101
\$	105,556	\$ 453,026	\$	68,496	<u>\$ 3</u>	3,132,378
\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	26,081
•	-	· -	·	-		37,325
	-	-		-		822,486
				26,968		26,968
	-	-		26,968		912,860
	-	_		-		696,799
	105,556	453,026		41,528		1,522,719
	105,556	453,026		41,528		2,219,518
<u>\$</u>	105,556	\$ 453,026	\$	68,496	\$ 3	3,132,378

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Major Streets	Local Streets	Street Improvement	Compensated Absences			
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,792,133	\$ -			
Federal grants	2,000	1,500	-	-			
State sources	1,897,834	604,643	-	-			
Interest and rentals	11,640	2,972	16,585	62			
Other							
Total revenue	1,911,474	609,115	1,808,718	62			
Expenditures							
Current - Public safety	-	-	-	379,587			
Current - Public works	1,378,890	735,640	1,824,912	-			
Current - General government	-	-	-	132,702			
Capital outlay							
Total expenditures	1,378,890	735,640	1,824,912	512,289			
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	532,584	(126,525)	(16,194)	(512,227)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	-	367,438	-	-			
Transfers out	(367,438)						
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	(367,438)	367,438					
Net Change in Fund Balance	165,146	240,913	(16,194)	(512,227)			
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	384,780	410,699	429,334	516,957			
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 549,926	\$ 651,612	\$ 413,140	\$ 4,730			

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Debt Serv	vice Funds		
				Total
				Nonmajor
		Water Bonds	Capital Projects	Governmental
Ger	neral Debt	Debt	Fund	Funds
			, <u> </u>	
\$	3,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,795,133
·	-	-	· -	3,500
	-	-	-	2,502,477
	1,237	580	641	33,717
			34,849	34,849
	4,237	580	35,490	4,369,676
	-	<u>-</u>	-	379,587
	=	-	-	3,939,442
	-	-	-	132,702
	-		8,450	8,450
		-	8,450	4,460,181
	4,237	580	27,040	(90,505)
	_	_	_	367,438
				(367,438)
	_	_	_	<u>-</u>
	_			
	4,237	580	27,040	(90,505)
	101,319	452,446	14,488	2,310,023
\$	105,556	\$ 453,026	<u>\$ 41,528</u>	\$ 2,219,518

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2005

	Pension	and Other Emplo	Agency Funds				
		Municipal					
	Police and Fire	Employees'	Retirees'		Current Tax		
	Retirement	Retirement	Health Benefit	Totals	Collection	Payroll	Totals
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,905,883	\$ 374,847	\$ 1,900,661	\$ 4,181,391	\$ 1,787	\$ 11,599	\$ 13,386
Investments	28,956,016	15,748,401	1,471,086	46,175,503	-	-	-
Accrued interest	196,279	53,872		250,151			
Total assets	31,058,178	16,177,120	3,371,747	50,607,045	<u>\$ 1,787</u>	\$ 11,599	\$ 13,386
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	520	-	-	520	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued and other liabilities					1,787	11,599	13,386
Total liabilities	520			520	<u>\$ 1,787</u>	\$ 11,599	<u>\$ 13,386</u>
Net Assets - Held in trust for pension and other							
employee benefits	\$ 31,057,658	\$ 16,177,120	\$ 3,371,747	\$ 50,606,525			

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2005

	olice and Fire Retirement System		Municipal Employees' Retirement System		Retirees' Health Benefit		Totals
Additions							
Contributions:							
Employer	\$ 928,116	\$	936,592	\$	-	\$	1,864,708
Plan members	509,635		477,554		<u>-</u>		987,189
Health benefit	 				345,240		345,240
Total contributions	1,437,751		1,414,146		345,240		3,197,137
Investment earnings:							
Net increase (decrease) in fair value							
of investments	828,088		1,191,537		(20,012)		1,999,613
Interest and dividends	997.243		829.098		89,126		1,915,467
Investment expenses	(275,228)		(133,343)		(9,018)		(417,589)
птесстене охреньев	 (273,223)	_	(155,515)		(7,0.0)		(117,567)
Total investment earnings	 1,550,103		1,887,292		60,096		3,497,491
Total additions	2,987,854		3,301,438		405,336		6,694,628
Deductions							
Benefit payments	3,691,247		2,456,469		_		6,147,716
Refunds of contributions	5,615,772		4,158,646		_		9,774,418
Administrative expenses	 20,756		6,741	_		_	27,497
Total deductions	 9,327,775	_	6,621,856				15,949,631
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	(6,339,921)		(3,320,418)		405,336		(9,255,003)
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits							
Beginning of year	 37,397,579	_	19,497,538	_	2,966,411		59,861,528
End of year	\$ 31,057,658	\$	16,177,120	<u>\$</u>	3,371,747	<u>\$</u>	50,606,525

Federal Awards
Supplemental Information
June 30, 2005

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Mayor and City Council City of Lincoln Park, Michigan

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan for the year ended June 30, 2005 and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2005. The opinion of the basic financial statements has been qualified as the City has not recorded the value of land it owns in its government-wide financial statements. Those basic financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan. Our responsibility was to express an opinion on those basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

I

November 23, 2005

A member of mri

Plante & Moran, PLLC

Plante & Moran, PLLC



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Mayor and City Council City of Lincoln Park, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005 and have issued our report thereon dated November 23, 2005. The opinion of the basic financial statements has been qualified as the City has not recorded the value of land it owns in its government-wide financial statements. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 05-01.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider item 05-01 to be a material weakness.



To the Mayor and City Council City of Lincoln Park, Michigan

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the mayor, City Council, management, and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

November 23, 2005

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Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Mayor and City Council City of Lincoln Park, Michigan

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-I33 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005. The major federal program of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements that is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-I33 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 05-02.



Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the mayor, City Council, management, and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

November 23, 2005



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/	CFDA	Pass-through Entity	Award	Federal
Program Title	Number	Project/Grant Number	Amount	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development - Direct programs -				
Community Development Block Grant: Program year 1998-B-98-MC26007	14.218	N/A	\$ 931,000	\$ 7,680
Program year 2002-B-01-MC26007	14.218	N/A	1,016,000	7,271
Program year 2003-B-02-MC26007	14.218	N/A	1,010,000	7,271 714,154
Program year 2004-B-03-MC26007	14.218	N/A	989,000	581,537
Total Community Development Block Grant			3,936,000	1,310,642
U.S. Department of Forestry - Passed through the State of Michigan - Emerald Ash Borer (EAB) Tree Planting Grant	10.664	EAB 04-36	12,600	12,600
Department of Homeland Security - Passed through the State of Michigan:				
EMPG	97.067	Unknown	12,872	12,872
Pre-disaster Mitigation Grant	97.047	N/A	26,463	23,818
A.L.S. Upgrade	97.044	EMW-2004-FG-08650	84,033	7,434
Total Department of Homeland Security			123,368	44,124
U.S. Department of Justice - Passed through the State of Michigan:				
2002 Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	16.592	2002-LB-BX-2290	45,285	23,336
2003 Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	16.592	2003-LB-BX-0950	36,232	-
2004 Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	16.592	2004-LB-BX-1462	10,890	-
The Bulletproof Vest Program, BJA	16.607	N/A	6,647	2,063
Total U.S. Department of Justice			99,054	25,399
Total federal awards				\$ 1,392,765

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note I - Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Lincoln Park, Michigan and is presented on the same basis of accounting as the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Loans Outstanding

The City had the following housing rehabilitation loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2005. These loan balances are not included in the federal expenditures presented in the schedule.

	CFDA	/	4mount
Cluster/Program Title	Number	r Outstanding	
Community Development Block Grant Rehabilitation			
Loans	14.218	\$	193,743

In addition, the City has liens on homes that received housing rehabilitation services in the amount of \$2,139,052.

Note 3 - Subrecipient Awards

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, federal awards were provided to subrecipients as follows:

		Amount		
	CFDA	Provided to		
Federal Program Title	Number	Subrecipients		
Community Development Block Grant:				
County Homeless Shelter	14.218	\$	2,500	
Citizen Patrol Watch	14.218		2,298	
First Step Program	14.218		1,500	
Senior Alliance	14.218		3,300	
The Information Center	14.218		1,050	
Community Policing	14.218		26,638	
The Guidance Center	14.218		1,500	

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2005

Note 4 - Grant Section Auditor's Report

Management has reconciled the expenditures reported in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards to those amounts reported in the annual or final close-out reports.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2005

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued: Qualified	
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified? X Yes No	
 Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes No 	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No	
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major program(s):	
Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No	
 Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes None reported 	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program(s): Unqualified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133? Yes No Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
14.218 U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development - Direct programs - Community Development Block Grant	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes X No	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings

Reference Number	Findings
05-01	Finding Type - Reportable condition
	Condition - The City of Lincoln Park did not reconcile its general ledger cash balances to the bank statements in a timely manner.
	Description - In order to maintain adequate internal control, timely bank reconciliations should be prepared. We recommend, and the City of Lincoln Park concurs, that timely bank reconciliations be prepared in the future.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings

Reference Number	Findings
05-02	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development - Direct programs - Community Development Block Grant - 14.218
	Finding Type - Noncompliance

Criteria - In order to comply with Davis Bacon requirements, the City should review contractor payroll submissions and certifications on a timely basis, ascertain that the laborers and operators were paid prevailing wage rates, and reconcile job site interviews performed to the certified payroll list.

Condition - The City performed a review of contractor payroll submissions and certifications on a timely basis to ascertain that the laborers and operators were paid prevailing wage rates. The City had no documentation available to support the performance of job site interviews to verify the certified payroll list according to Davis Bacon requirements.

Questioned Costs - Unknown

Context - The City believes that the job site interviews were performed, but they cannot locate documentation in the file to support this assertion.

Cause and Effect - Contractor payroll submission and certifications were reviewed timely but no documentation existed to support job site interviews. However, per review of payroll records, the payroll records indicate that the laborers and operators were paid wages that complied with federal prevailing wage rates; however, job site interview documentation was not available to verify the wages paid.

Recommendation - The City should perform and document job site interviews to the certified payroll list according to Davis Bacon requirements on a regular basis to ensure compliance with federal requirements.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The City has committed to ensuring documentation is retained and requirements for compliance with Davis Bacon is adhered to with established procedures for regular performance of job site interviews.





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August 26, 2005

To the Honorable Judges of the 25th District Court City of Lincoln Park 1475 Cleophus Lincoln Park, Michigan 48146

Dear Judges:

We recently completed our audit of the 25th District Court's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2005. In addition to the audit report, we offer the following comments and recommendations for your review and consideration.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As you know, as of June 30, 2004, the Court implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board statement number 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. This pronouncement required the recording of capital asset and long-term debt, such as employee compensated absences. It also requires a narrative called the "management's discussion and analysis" which sets forth summarized financial information and lets the reader know if the Court is better off or worse off than in the previous year. The capital asset and debt provisions were implemented; however, the Court has not provided a management's discussion and analysis and as such, a statement is made to that effect in our auditor's opinion. We encourage the Court to consider including this narrative in next year's report. We would be happy to provide a template for your use in customizing it for the Court.

Reportable Conditions

Reportable conditions are significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure that have come to our attention and, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Court's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Court, we considered the Court's internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, and not to provide assurance on the internal controls. The purpose of an audit is to report on the financial statements, rather than provide assurance on the internal control structure; however, we would consider the following item to be considered a material weakness and reportable condition under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

During the year, the Court did not fully reconcile its general ledger cash balances for the General Fund operation account to the bank statements in a timely manner. In order to maintain adequate internal control, the Court needs to reconcile cash balances from the bank statements to the general ledger on a timely basis. The bank reconciliations were reconciled shortly after the fiscal year end and we understand that the Court is currently reconciling the bank accounts timely. We recommend that the reconciliation of cash be prepared monthly, initialed, and dated by the preparer to document timeliness, and initialed and dated by the individual who reviews the bank reconciliations.

Part-time Employees and Payroll Taxes

During our testing, we noted that federal income taxes are not being withheld from the wages of three part-time employees. We understand that this is done per the request of the employees. However, this does create some risk to the Court because the Court, as the employer, is generally responsible for withholding and remitting taxes for all employees. IRS Publication 15, Circular E may be helpful as it specifically addresses the responsibilities of the employer as it relates to withholding, depositing, reporting, and paying income taxes.

We would like to express our thanks and appreciation for the courtesy and cooperation extended to us by the Court staff during the audit. We appreciate the opportunity to serve as your auditors and present these recommendations. If there are any questions about your financial report or the above comments and recommendations, we would be happy to discuss them at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

Beth Bialy

Plante & Moran, PLLC

Beth A. Bialy

Scott M. Janssen

